



FACULTY FULL NAME: Sulaiman Maladoh Bah

POSITION

Personal Data

Nationality | Sierra Leonean
Date of Birth | 27 January 1961
Department | Public Health, College of Public Health
University: Imam AbdulRahman Bin Faisal University, Dammam
Saudi Arabia
Official UoD Email | sbah@iau.edu.sa
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Language Proficiency

Language	Read	Write	Speak
Arabic	Good	Fair	Good
English	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Others (French)	Good	Fair	Good

Academic Qualifications (Beginning with the most recent)

Date	Academic Degree	Place of Issue	Address
1988-1993	PhD	Canada	University of Western Ontario, London, Ontario, Canada
1988-1988, 1992	MPhil	Ghana	United Nations Regional Institute for Population Studies, University of Ghana, Accra, Ghana,
1986-1987	M.A	Ghana	United Nations Regional Institute for Population Studies, University of Ghana, Accra, Ghana, 1986-1987
1979-1983	B.Sc	Sierra Leone	Fourah Bay College, University of Sierra Leone Freetown, Sierra Leone, 1979-1983

PhD, Master or Fellowship Research Title: (Academic Honors or Distinctions)

PhD	1. Rockefeller Foundation Fellowship, 1991-1992 2. Special University Scholarship (Univ. of Western Ontario), 1988-1991
Master	United Nations Fellowship, 1988-1988, 1986-1987
Fellowship	Population Council Post-Doctoral Fellowship, 1992-1995



Professional Record: (Beginning with the most recent)

Job Rank	Place and Address of Work			Date
Professor	College of Public Health	Imam AbdulRahman Bin Faisal University, Dammam	Saudi Arabia	2016 to present
Professor	Dept of HIMT, College of Applied Medical Sciences	Imam AbdulRahman Bin Faisal University, Dammam	Saudi Arabia	01/2007 - 2016
Professor and Head	Department of Epidemiology	National School of Public Health, Medunsa Campus	South Africa	04/2005- 12/2007
Acting Head	Department of Epidemiology	National School of Public Health, Medunsa Campus	South Africa	09/2004-03/2005
Senior Lecturer	Department of Epidemiology	National School of Public Health, Medunsa Campus	South Africa	04/2003 – 08/2004
Acting Director	Directorate of Vital Statistics, Population Projections, Tourism and Migration	Statistics South Africa , Pretoria	South Africa	08/2000-12/2002
Deputy Director	Sub-directorate of Vital Statistics, Population Projections, Tourism and Migration	Statistics South Africa , Pretoria	South Africa	1997-08/2000
Lecturer	Department of Statistics and Demography	University of Swaziland, Kwaluseni	Swaziland	1995-1997
Visiting Lecturer and post-doctoral fellow	Department of Sociology	University of Zimbabwe, Harare	Zimbabwe	1992-1995
Teaching Assistant	Department of Sociology	University of Western Ontario, London	Canada	1988-1991
Teaching Assistant	United Nations Regional Institute for Population Studies	Univ of Ghana, Legon, Accra	Ghana	1988-1988
Part-time Demonstrator	Fourah Bay College,	University of Sierra Leone, Freetown	Sierra Leone	1984-1986



Administrative Positions Held: (Beginning with the most recent)

Administrative Position	Office	Date
Head, Research Committee	Department of Public Health, Imam AbdulRahman Bin Faisal University, Dammam	2019 to present
Co-ordinator, Training and internship Head, Human Resources Committee	Department of Public Health, Imam AbdulRahman Bin Faisal University, Dammam	2018 to 2019
Co-ordinator, Internship training	Department of HIMT, Imam AbdulRahman Bin Faisal University, Dammam	2009 till 2017
Head	Research Support Unit, College of Applied Medical Sciences, Imam AbdulRahman Bin Faisal University	2007-2014
Acting Head and later, Head of Department	Department of Epidemiology, National School of Public Health, Medunsa, South Africa	9/2004 to 12/2007
Chair	Monitoring Task Group (MTG) of the National Plan of Action for Children in South Africa (NPA),	1998- Feb 2003
Deputy Director and later, Acting Director	Directorate of Vital Statistics, Population Projections, Tourism and Migration, Statistics South Africa	1997 to 12/2002

Scientific Achievements

Published Refereed Scientific Researches

(In Chronological Order Beginning with the Most Recent)

1. **Bah, S.M.**, Alibrahem,, A. B., Alshawi,, A. J., Almuslim, H. H., Aldossary, H. A. (2021). Effects of routinely collected health information system variables on the readmission of patients with type 2 diabetes. *Journal of Taibah University Medical Sciences* (2021) 16(6), 894-899
2. Alassaf, N., **Bah, S.**, Almulhim, F., Aldossary, N., Alqahtani. M. (2021). Evaluation of Official Healthcare Informatics Applications in Saudi Arabia and their Role in Addressing COVID-19 Pandemic. *Healthc Inform Res.* 2021 July;27(3):255-263.
<https://doi.org/10.4258/hir.2021.27.3.255>
3. **Bah. S.** and Mansour, J. (2018) The e-governance approach to register-based census, based on the case of the GCC countries: A research note. Forthcoming in: DOI 10.25336/csp29349 *Canadian Studies in Population* 45 no. 3–4 (2018),
4. Alanzi, T.; **Bah, S.**, Alzahrani S,, Alshammari, S., Almunse, F.(2018), Evaluation of a mobile social networking application for improving diabetes Type 2 knowledge: an intervention study using WhatsApp. *JOURNAL OF COMPARATIVE EFFECTIVENESS RESEARCH* (2018):<https://doi.org/10.2217/cer-2018-0028>
5. **Bah, S.** (2018) Registering Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) Both as a Multiple Cause of Death and as a Notifiable Disease in Africa: Comparison Between the Ideal and the Reality. In Okware, S. (ed). *Advances in Ebola Control*. Intech,Rijeka



6. **Bah, S.** (2018). How feasible is the life expectancy target in the Saudi Arabian vision for 2030?. *East Mediterr Health J.* 2018;24(4):401–404. <https://doi.org/10.26719/2018.24.4.401>
7. **Bah, S.** (2017). A review of life expectancies at birth for Saudi Arabia, 2010–16. *Canadian Studies in Population* 44 no. 3–4 (2017), p. 193–99
8. **Bah, S.** and T. Alanzi (2017). Comparison of Three Internship Training Sites for an Undergraduate Health Information Management Program in Saudi Arabia. *Health Inform Res.* 2017 July;23(3):233-237.
9. **Bah, S.** Book Review of “*Mortality in an International Perspective*” edited by Jon Anson and Marc Luy New York: Springer 2014 ISBN 978-3-319-03028-9 (print), 978-3-319-03029-6 (online). *Canadian Studies in Population* 43, no. 3–4 (Fall/Winter 2016)
10. **Bah, S.** and Al Sheikh, B. (2016). Classical Islamic evidences supporting the case for quality improvement in health care. *Journal of the International Society for the Historical Study of Medicine*, vol 14-15, No. 27-30.
11. **Bah, S.** (2015). Should the next South African census be register-based? *Bulletin of the World Health Organisation* vol. 93, no. 3, March 2015
12. **Bah, S.** and Aljoudi, A.S. (2015). Ebola virus disease and the Muslim dying patient: Medical and non-medical issues. *Journal of the Islamic Medical Association of South Africa*, Vol 22, No. 1, February 2105, Rabi ul Akhir 1436 Hijri(commisioned paper)
13. **Bah, S.**; Almutawa, H.; Alassaf, N.; Al Hareky, M.; Hashishi, A.; Alkhater, Z. ; and M. Ajaimi, J. (2015). Pilot Study of Reimbursement Practices in Private Healthcare Centers in the Eastern Province of Saudi Arabia: To What Extent Do They Meet International Best Practices? *Perspectives in Health Information Management*, Spring 2015
14. **Bah, SM** and Aljoudi, AS (2014). Taking a religious perspective to contain Ebola. *The Lancet*, 3 September 2014
15. **Bah, S.** (2014). Firm evidence for the increasing trend in diabetes mortality in South Africa using the data from multiple causes of death. *Southern African Journal of Demography*, vol 15, no 1 (2014).



16. **Bah, S.** (2014). The Iraqi civil registration system and the test of political upheaval. *Canadian Studies in Population* 41, no 1-2 (spring/winter 2014): 111-119
17. **Bah, S.** (2011) Using Model Life Tables to Assess the Plausibility of Directly-Constructed Historical Life Tables. *Southern African Journal of Demography*, Volume 12 (1) January 2011:125-139
18. **Bah S,** Alharthi H, El Mahalli AA, Jabali A, Al-Qahtani M, Al-kahtani N. (2011) Annual survey on the level and extent of usage of electronic health records in government-related hospitals in Eastern Province, Saudi Arabia. *Perspect Health Inf Manag.* 2011;8:1b. Epub 2011 Oct 1.
19. **Bah, S.** and Mahibur Rahman, M (2011). On Measures of Association for Multiple-Cause Mortality: Do We Need More Measures? *Canadian Studies in Population* 38, No. 3-4 (Fall/Winter 2011):111-22.
20. **Bah, S.,** & Qutub, H. (2010). Insights into Data on Multiple Causes of Death Obtained from the Information System of a University Teaching Hospital, Al-Khobar, Saudi Arabia, 1998-2007 [Electronic Version]. *Journal of Health Informatics in Developing Countries*, 4(1), 18-26, from <http://www.jhidc.org/index.php/jhidc/issue/view/9>
21. Basil AS and **Sulaiman B** (2009) Approaches for teaching, learning and doing research as deduced from the Qur'an and Sunnah. *International Medical Journal.* Volume 8 Number 2, Dec 2009 , from <http://www.e-imj.com/>
22. **Bah, S.** and M. MAHIBBUR RAHMAN (2009). Measures of multiple-cause mortality: a synthesis and a notational framework. *GENUS*, LXV (No. 2), 29-43, from <http://sead-pub.cilea.it/index.php/genus/issue/view/4/showToc>
23. **Bah, S.** (2009). Cause_Limp v1.0: A windows-based software for analyzing data on multiple causes of death. *Journal of Health Informatics in Developing Countries*, 3(2). 1-4 from <http://www.jhidc.org/index.php/jhidc/issue/view/8>
24. **Bah, S.** (2009). Multiple Forces Working in Unison: The case of rapid Improvement of vital statistics in South Africa Post-1996. *World Health & Population.* Vol 11, no. 1, 2009, from www.longwoods.com/publications/world-health-population/598



25. **Bah, S.** (2009). Strategies for managing the change from ICD-9 to ICD-10 in developing countries: The case of South Africa. *Journal of Health Informatics in Developing Countries*, 3(2). 44-49 from <http://www.jhidc.org/index.php/jhidc/issue/view/8>
26. Basil AS and Sulaiman B (2009) Approaches for teaching, learning and doing research as deduced from the Qur'an and Sunnah. *International Medical Journal*. Volume 8 Number 2, Dec 2009 , from <http://www.e-imj.com/>
27. **Bah, S.** (2007) (Ed.). *Exploiting Alternative and Scarcely Tapped Sources of Vital Statistics in Africa*. Special Issue **of African Population Studies**. June 2007.
28. **Bah, S.** (2006). Using multiple-cause mortality data to resolve conflicting information on trends in maternal mortality in South Africa. *South African Medical Journal*, Vol. 96, No4: 308-308
29. **Bah, S.** (2005) HIV/AIDS in South Africa in the Light of Death Registration Data: In Search of Elusive Estimates. In: *The Demography of South Africa*. Edited by Tukufu Zuberi et al. M.E. Sharpe, Armonk, New York.
30. **Bah, S. M.** (2005). Technical Appraisal of Official South African Life Tables In: *The Demography of South Africa*. Edited by Tukufu Zuberi et al, M.E. Sharpe, Armonk, New York.
31. **Bah, S.** (2005). Multiple causes-of-death in South Africa: their changing profile over the period 1997 to 2001 and utility in the era of HIV/AIDS. *The Southern African Journal of Epidemiology and Infection*. Vol 20, No. 1, March 2005, Pp 26-32.
32. **Bah, S.** (2005). Improvement on the quality of national statistics on causes of death in South Africa (Letter to the Editor). *South African Medical Journal*
33. Ledent, J. and **Bah, S.** (2005). Applying the multiregional projection model using census migration data: A theoretical basis. In: *Patterns and causes of migration in South and Southern Africa*. Edited by Pieter Kok et al. Human Sciences Research Council (HSRC), Pretoria



34. **Bah, S.** (2004). Unnoticed decline in the number of unnatural deaths in South Africa (Letter to the Editor). South African Medical Journal. Vol. 94, No. 6, June 2004:442-443.
35. **Bah, S.** (2004). Health and Demographic Profile in Palestine in the 2000s: Improvements against overwhelming odds. Journal of the Islamic Medical Association of South Africa. Vol. 11,2, August 2004.
36. Sitas, F., Urban, M., Bradshaw, D., Kielkowski, D. **Bah, S.**, Peto, R. (2004). Tobacco attributable deaths in South Africa. Tobacco Control 2004; 13:396-399.
37. **Bah, S.M.** (2004). L'état des statistiques de la fécondité et de la mortalité en Afrique du Sud pendant et après l'ère de l'apartheid. Journal for African Population Studies, Vol. 19, No. 2 October 2004:125-138..
38. Omoluabi, E., Makiwane, M. and **Bah, S.** (Eds) (2004). Proceedings of the African Conference on Ageing: Rapid Ageing and the Changing Role of the Elderly in African Households. UAPS, Department of Social Development and HSRC, Pretoria
39. **Bah, S.** (2003). A note on confidentiality of death notification forms (Letter to the Editor). South African Medical Journal. Vol 93, No. 4, April 2003: 238-238.
40. **Bah, S.** (2003). A note on the quality of medical certification of deaths in South Africa, 1997-2001(Letter to the Editor) . South African Medical Journal. Vol 93, No. 4, April 2003: 239-239.
41. **Bah, S.,M.** (2003) Assessment of disease patterns and causes of death in ancient Arabia using historical Islamic sources. Journal of the Islamic Medical Association of South Africa, Volume 10, No. 3, December 2003/Shawwal 1424 (Also published under correspondences in the Online International Medical Journal, Vol 2, Number 2, December 2003)
42. **Bah, S. M.** (2000). A Comparative Study of the Understanding and Practice of Holistic Health in the Conventional Sense and in the Islamic Sense. Journal of the Islamic Medical Association of South Africa.
43. **Bah, S.** (2000) A critical review of South African life tables. Canadian Studies in Population 27,1:283-306.



44. **Bah, S.** (1999). The making and unmaking of a national but stratified vital statistics system in the Republic of South Africa and the new making of a more comprehensive vital statistics system. *SA Journal of Demography* 7,1 (1997-1999):45-50.
45. **Bah, S. M** (1999). The improvement of marriages and divorces statistics in South Africa: Relevance, registration issues and challenges. In: *Towards Improving the Registration of Marriages and Divorces in South Africa: Proceedings of a National Workshop*. Edited by Bah, S.M. and Rama, S., Stats SA, Pretoria.
46. **Bah, S.M.** and Rama, S. (1999). (Eds.) *Towards Improving the Registration of Marriages and Divorces in South Africa: Proceedings of a National Workshop*. Stats SA, Pretoria.
47. **Bah, S.** (1999). Dilemma faced in monitoring children's rights in South Africa. In: *Child Research 2000: An International Child Research Seminar*. Edited by R. Barnes-September, University of Western Cape, Cape Town
48. Sitas, F., Pacella-Norma, R. Peto, R., Bradshaw, D., Kleinschmidt, I., Soloojee, Y., Yach, D., Lopez, A. and **Bah, S.** (1998). Why do need a large scale study on tobacco-attributable mortality in South Africa (Letter to the Editor). *South African Medical Journal*, 1998, Vol 88, No 8; 13:396-399.
49. **Bah, S.** (1998). Assessing the contribution of age-sex differentials in causes of death due to infectious and parasitic diseases to the trends in age-sex differentials in life expectancy in Mauritius. *Social Biology*, Vol 45,3-4:261-272.
50. **Bah, S.** (1997). Modelling the relationship between cause-of-death structure and overall mortality: the case of Mauritius. *Journal of Population Studies* 18:99-114.
51. **Bah, S.** (1995). More recent trends in infant and child mortality in Zimbabwe and possible explanations. *Central African Journal of Medicine* 41,2:35-40.
52. **Bah, S.** (1995). Quantitative approaches towards detecting the onset of the fourth stage of the epidemiologic transition and monitoring its progress. *Social Biology* vol. 42,1-2:143-148.
53. **Bah, S.** (1995). Indirect estimation of cause of death structure in Africa and contemporary theories of mortality. *Social Biology* vol. 42,3-4:247-255.



54. **Bah, S.** (1995). Computing approaches to obtaining data for the indirect estimation of childhood mortality using Demographic and Health Survey data: A programming note. *South African Journal of Demography* 5,1:48-51.
55. **Bah, S. M.** (1995) The evaluation of the completeness of death registration in the presence of high net out-migration: the case example of Mauritius. *International Institute for Vital Registration and Statistics* No 61, August 1995.
56. **Bah, S.** (1994). Influence of cause of death structure on age patterns of mortality in Mauritius. *Social Biology* vol. 41, 3-4:212-228
57. **Bah, S.M.** (1993). Re-examination of recent trends in under-five mortality rates in Zimbabwe: Evidence from the ZDHS, 1988. *Central African Journal of Medicine* 39,9:180-183.
58. **Bah, S.M.** (1993). Social pathologies in Zimbabwe. *Central African Journal of Medicine* 39,10:201-203.
59. **Bah, S.M** and Teklu T. (1992). The evolution of age patterns of mortality in Mauritius, 1969-1986. *Population Review* vol. 36:50-62.
60. **Bah, S.M** (1992). Epidemiologic and health transition in Mauritius. *Journal of Population Studies* 15:137-159.
61. **Bah, S.M** (1992). Morbidity and mortality in muslim populations: a framework for the reduction of their factors. *Hamdard Medicus* vol XXXV No2:5-16.
62. **Bah, S.M** and Rajulton, F. (1991). Has Canadian mortality entered the fourth stage of the epidemiologic transition ? *Canadian Studies in Population*, 18,2:18-41.